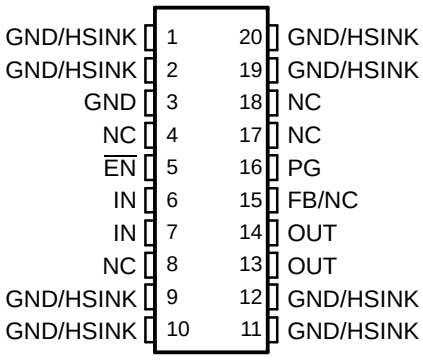
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 1-A LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

FEATURES

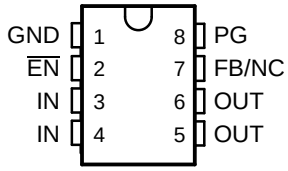
- **1 A Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator**
- **Available in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3.0-V, 3.3-V, 5.0-V Fixed Output and Adjustable Versions**
- **Dropout Voltage Down to 230 mV at 1 A (TPS76850)**
- **Ultralow 85 µA Typical Quiescent Current**
- **Fast Transient Response**
- **2% Tolerance Over Specified Conditions for Fixed-Output Versions**
- **Open Drain Power Good (See TPS767xx for Power-On Reset With 200-ms Delay Option)**
- **8-Pin SOIC and 20-Pin TSSOP (PWP) Package**
- **Thermal Shutdown Protection**

PWP PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC − No internal connection

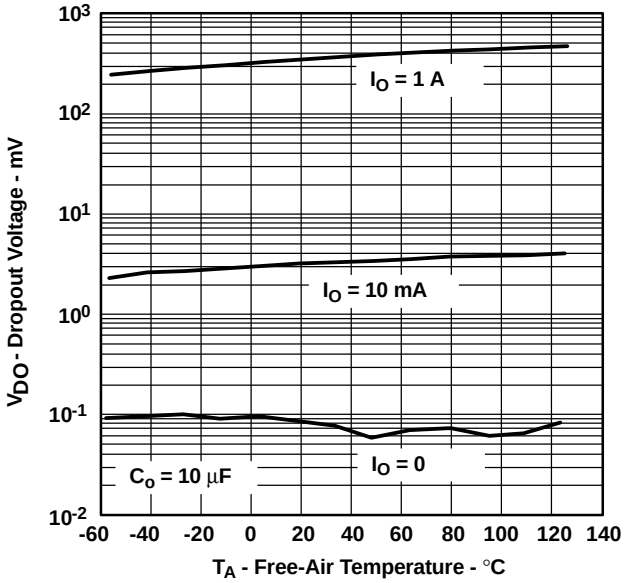
D PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



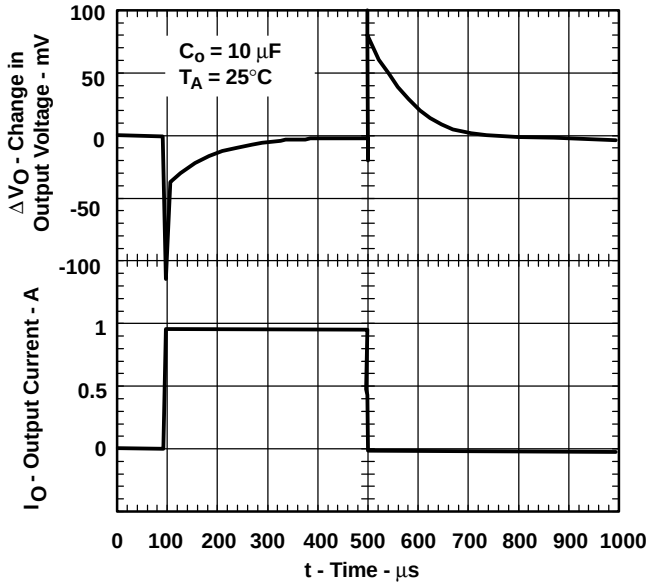
DESCRIPTION

This device is designed to have a fast transient response and be stable with 10µF low ESR capacitors. This combination provides high performance at a reasonable cost.

TPS76833
DROPOUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Because the PMOS device behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low (typically 230 mV at an output current of 1 A for the TPS76850) and is directly proportional to the output current. Additionally, since the PMOS pass element is a voltage-driven device, the quiescent current is very low and independent of output loading (typically 85 µA over the full range of output current, 0 mA to 1 A). These two key specifications yield a significant improvement in operating life for battery-powered systems. This LDO family also features a sleep mode; applying a TTL high signal to $\overline{EN}$ (enable) shuts down the regulator, reducing the quiescent current to less than 1 µA at T_J = 25°C.

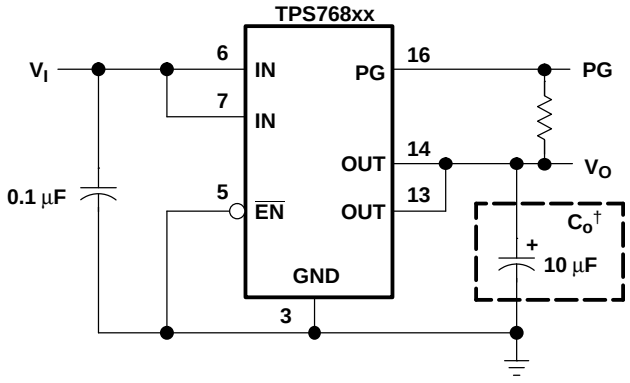
Power good (PG) is an active high output, which can be used to implement a power-on reset or a low-battery indicator.

The TPS768xx is offered in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3.0-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V fixed-voltage versions and in an adjustable version (programmable over the range of 1.2 V to 5.5 V). Output voltage tolerance is specified as a maximum of 2% over line, load, and temperature ranges. The TPS768xx family is available in 8-pin SOIC and 20-pin PWP packages.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T_J	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	PACKAGED DEVICES(1)	
	TYP	TSSOP (PWP)	SOIC (D)
40°C to 125°C	5.0	TPS76850Q	TPS76850Q
	3.3	TPS76833Q	TPS76833Q
	3.0	TPS76830Q	TPS76830Q
	2.8	TPS76828Q	TPS76828Q
	2.7	TPS76827Q	TPS76827Q
	2.5	TPS76825Q	TPS76825Q
	1.8	TPS76818Q	TPS76818Q
	1.5	TPS76815Q	TPS76815Q
	Adjustable 1.2 V to 5.5 V	TPS76801Q	TPS76801Q

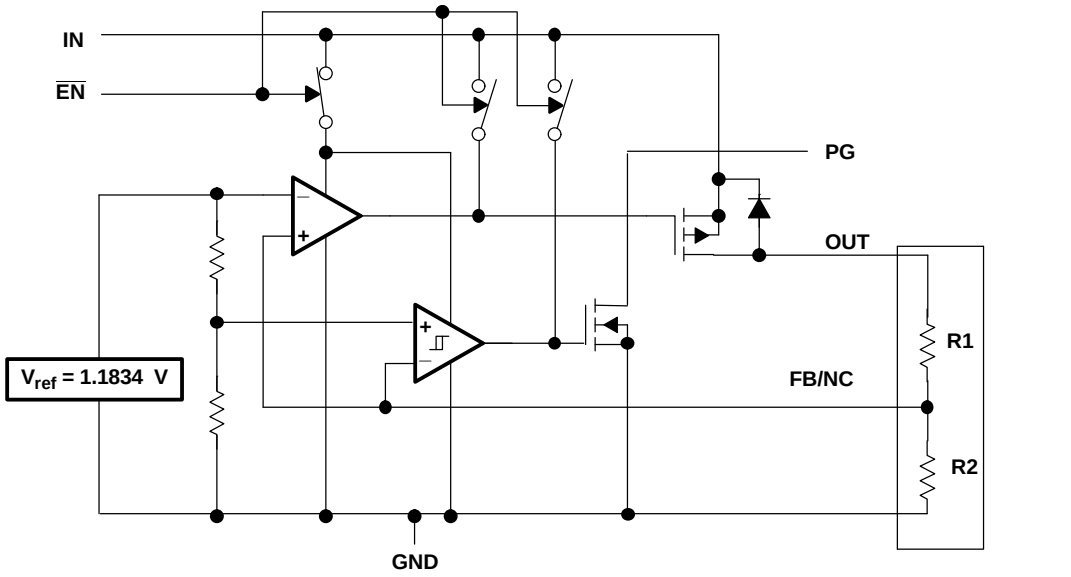
(1) The TPS76801 is programmable using an external resistor divider (see application information). The D and PWP packages are available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to the device type (e.g., TPS76801QDR).



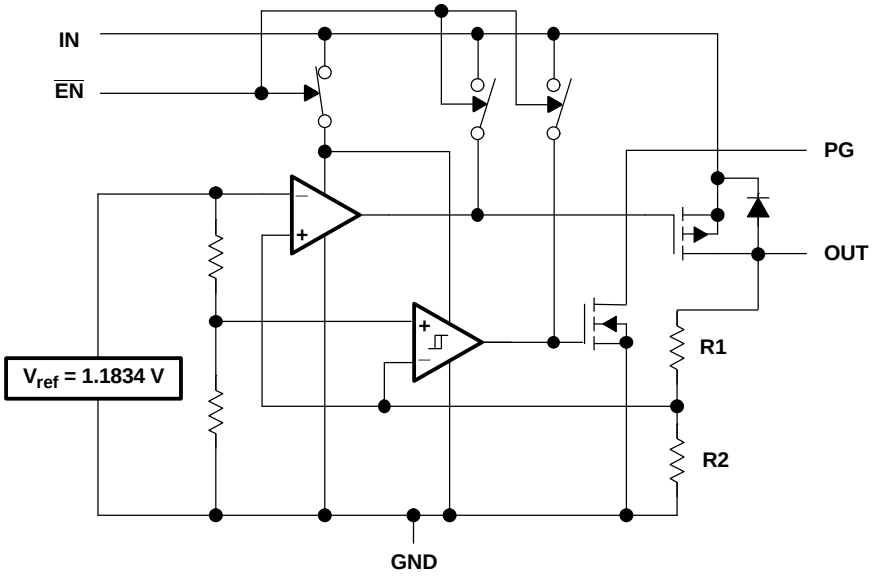
† See application information section for capacitor selection details.

Figure 1. Typical Application Configuration (For Fixed Output Options)

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM—Adjustable Version



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM—Fixed-Voltage Version



Terminal Functions

TERMINAL		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
SOIC PACKAGE			
GND	1		Regulator ground
$\overline{EN}$	2	I	Enable input
IN	3	I	Input voltage
IN	4	I	Input voltage
OUT	5	O	Regulated output voltage
OUT	6	O	Regulated output voltage
FB/NC	7	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
PG	8	O	PG output
PWP PACKAGE			
GND/HSINK	1		Ground/heatsink
GND/HSINK	2		Ground/heatsink
GND	3		LDO ground
NC	4		No connect
$\overline{EN}$	5	I	Enable input
IN	6	I	Input
IN	7	I	Input
NC	8		No connect
GND/HSINK	9		Ground/heatsink
GND/HSINK	10		Ground/heatsink
GND/HSINK	11		Ground/heatsink
GND/HSINK	12		Ground/heatsink
Out	13	O	Regulated output voltage
Out	14	O	Regulated output voltage
FB/NC	15	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
PG	16	O	PG output
NC	17		No connect
NC	18		No connect
GND/HSINK	19		Ground/heatsink
GND/HSINK	20		Ground/heatsink

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

Input voltage range, V_I (2)	-0.3 V to 13.5 V
Voltage range at $\overline{EN}$	-0.3 V to V_I + 0.3 V
Maximum PG voltage	16.5 V
Peak output current	Internally limited
Continuous total power dissipation	See dissipation rating tables
Output voltage, V_O (OUT, FB)	7 V
Operating junction temperature range, T_J	-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	-65°C to 150°C
ESD rating, HBM	2 kV

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) All voltage values are with respect to network terminal ground.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE 1 - FREE-AIR TEMPERATURES

PACKAGE	AIR FLOW (CFM)	T_A < 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T_A = 25°C	T_A = 70°C POWER RATING	T_A = 85°C POWER RATING
D	0	568.18 mW	5.6818 mW/°C	312.5 mW	227.27 mW
	250	904.15 mW	9.0415 mW/°C	497.28 mW	361.66 mW

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE 2 - FREE-AIR TEMPERATURES

PACKAGE	AIR FLOW (CFM)	T_A < 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T_A = 25°C	T_A = 70°C POWER RATING	T_A = 85°C POWER RATING
PWP (1)	0	2.9 W	23.5 mW/°C	1.9 W	1.5 W
	300	4.3 W	34.6 mW/°C	2.8 W	2.2 W
PWP (2)	0	3 W	23.8 mW/°C	1.9 W	1.5 W
	300	7.2 W	57.9 mW/°C	4.6 W	3.8 W

(1) This parameter is measured with the recommended copper heat sink pattern on a 1-layer PCB, 5-in x 5-in PCB, 1 oz. copper, 2-in x 2-in coverage (4 in^2).
(2) This parameter is measured with the recommended copper heat sink pattern on an 8-layer PCB, 1.5-in x 2-in PCB, 1 oz. copper, with layers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 at 5% coverage (0.9 in^2) and layers 3 and 6 at 100% coverage (6 in^2). For more information, refer to TI technical brief SLMA002, available for download at www.ti.com.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage, V_I (1)	2.7	10	V
Output voltage range, V_O	1.2	5.5	V
Output current, I_O (2)	0	1.0	A
Operating junction temperature, T_J (2)	40	125	°C

(1) To calculate the minimum input voltage for your maximum output current, use the following equation: $V_{I(min)} = V_{O(max)} + V_{DO(max\ load)}$.
(2) Continuous current and operating junction temperature are limited by internal protection circuitry, but it is not recommended that the device operate under conditions beyond those specified in this table for extended periods of time.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_I = V_{O(typ)}$+ 1 V, I_O = 1 mA, $\overline{EN}$ = 0 V, C_o = 10 µF (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output voltage (10 µA to 1 A load) (1)		TPS76801	5.5 V ≥ V_O ≥ 1.5 V, T_J = 25°C		V_O		V
			5.5 V ≥ V_O ≥ 1.5 V, T_J = -40°C to 125°C	0.98V_O		1.02V_O	
		TPS76815	T_J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		1.5		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 2.7 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	1.470		1.530	
		TPS76818	T_J = 25°C, 2.8 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		1.8		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 2.8 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	1.764		1.836	
		TPS76825	T_J = 25°C, 3.5 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		2.5		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 3.5 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	2.450		2.550	
		TPS76827	T_J = 25°C, 3.7 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		2.7		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 3.7 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	2.646		2.754	
		TPS76828	T_J = 25°C, 3.8 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		2.8		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 3.8 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	2.744		2.856	
		TPS76830	T_J = 25°C, 4 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		3.0		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 4 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	2.940		3.060	
		TPS76833	T_J = 25°C, 4.3 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		3.3		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 4.3 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	3.234		3.366	
		TPS76850	T_J = 25°C, 6 V < V_{IN} < 10 V		5.0		
			T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 6 V < V_{IN} < 10 V	4.900		5.100	
Quiescent current (GND current) $\overline{EN}$ = 0V (1)			10 µA < I_O < 1 A, T_J = 25°C		85		µA
			I_O = 1 A, T_J = -40°C to 125°C			125	
Output voltage line regulation ($\Delta V_O/V_O$) (1)(2)			V_O + 1 V < V_I≤ 10 V, T_J = 25°C		0.01		%/V
Load regulation					3		mV
Output noise voltage (TPS76818)			BW = 200 Hz to 100 kHz, C_o = 10 µF, I_C = 1 A, T_J = 25°C		55		µVrms
Output current limit			V_O = 0 V	1.2	1.7	2	A
Thermal shutdown junction temperature					150		°C
Standby current			$\overline{EN}$ = V_I, T_J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V_I < 10 V		1		µA
			$\overline{EN}$ = V_I, T_J = -40°C to 125°C, 2.7 V < V_I < 10 V			10	µA
FB input current		TPS76801	FB = 1.5 V		2		nA
High level enable input voltage				1.7			V
Low level enable input voltage						0.9	V
Power supply ripple rejection (1)			f = 1 KHz, C_o = 10 µF, T_J = 25°C		60		dB
PG	Minimum input voltage for valid PG		$I_{O(PG)}$ = 300 µA		1.1		V
	Trip threshold voltage		V_O decreasing	92		98	%V_O
	Hysteresis voltage		Measured at V_O		0.5		%V_O
	Output low voltage		V_I = 2.7 V, $I_{O(PG)}$ = 1 mA		0.15	0.4	V
	Leakage current		$V_{(PG)}$ = 5 V			1	µA

(1) Minimum IN operating voltage is 2.7 V or $V_{O(typ)}$ + 1 V, whichever is greater. Maximum IN voltage 10 V.

(2) If V_O≤ 1.8 V then V_{Imax} = 10 V, V_{Imin} = 2.7 V: $\text{Line Reg. (mV)} = (\%/V) \times V_O \frac{(V_{Imax} - 2.7V)}{100} \times 1000$

If V_O≥ 2.5 V then V_{Imax} = 10 V, V_{Imin} = V_O + 1 V: $\text{Line Reg. (mV)} = (\%/V) \times V_O \frac{(V_{Imax} - (V_O + 1V))}{100} \times 1000$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_I = V_{O(typ)}$+ 1 V, I_O = 1 mA, $\overline{EN}$ = 0 V, C_o = 10 µF (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input current ($\overline{EN}$)		$\overline{EN}$ = 0 V	1	0	1	µA
		$\overline{EN}$ = V_I	1		1	
Dropout voltage (3)	TPS76828	I_O = 1 A, T_J = 25°C		500		mV
		I_O = 1 A, T_J = -40°C to 125°C			825	
	TPS76830	I_O = 1 A, T_J = 25°C		450		
		I_O = 1 A, T_J = -40°C to 125°C			675	
	TPS76833	I_O = 1 A, T_J = 25°C		350		
		I_O = 1 A, T_J = -40°C to 125°C			575	
	TPS76850	I_O = 1 A, T_J = 25°C		230		
		I_O = 1 A, T_J = -40°C to 125°C		380		

(3) IN voltage equals V_O(typ) - 100 mV; TPS76801 output voltage set to 3.3 V nominal with external resistor divider. TPS76815, TPS76818, TPS76825, and TPS76827 dropout voltage limited by input voltage range limitations (i.e., TPS76830 input voltage needs to drop to 2.9 V for purpose of this test).

Table of Graphs

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**TPS76833
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT**

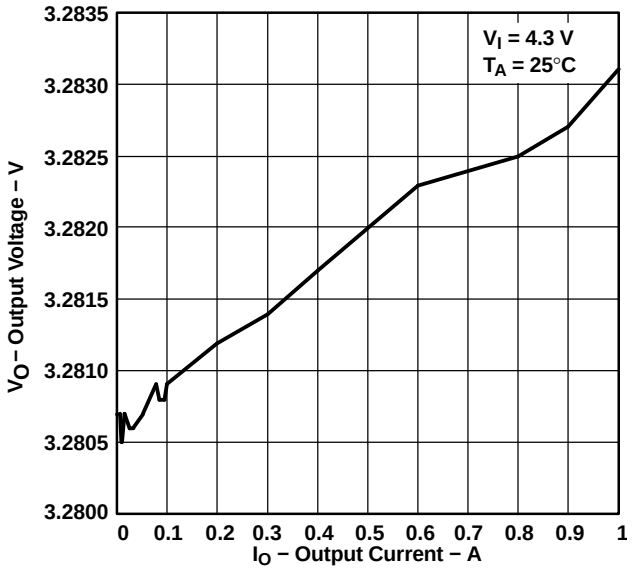


Figure 2.

**TPS76815
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT**

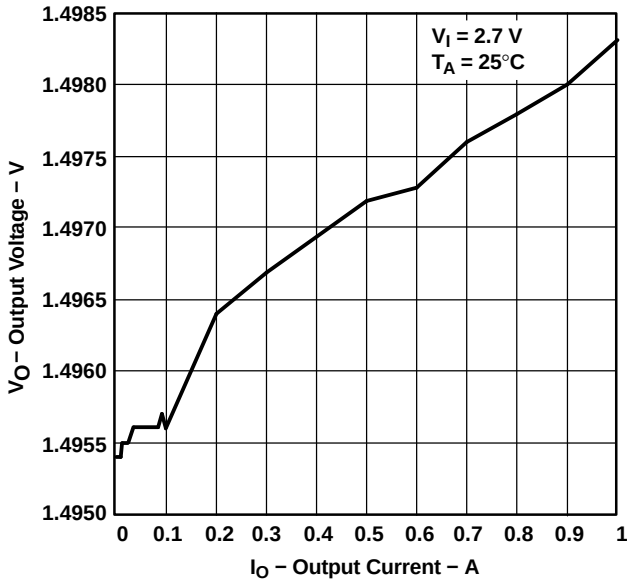


Figure 3.

**TPS76825
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT**

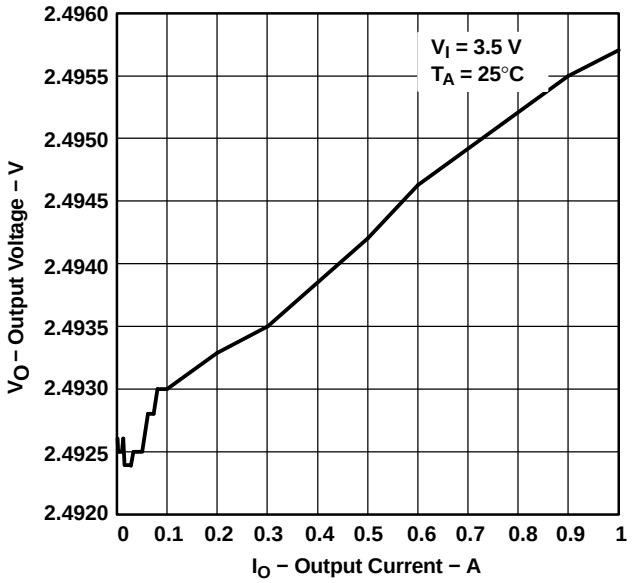


Figure 4.

**TPS76833
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**

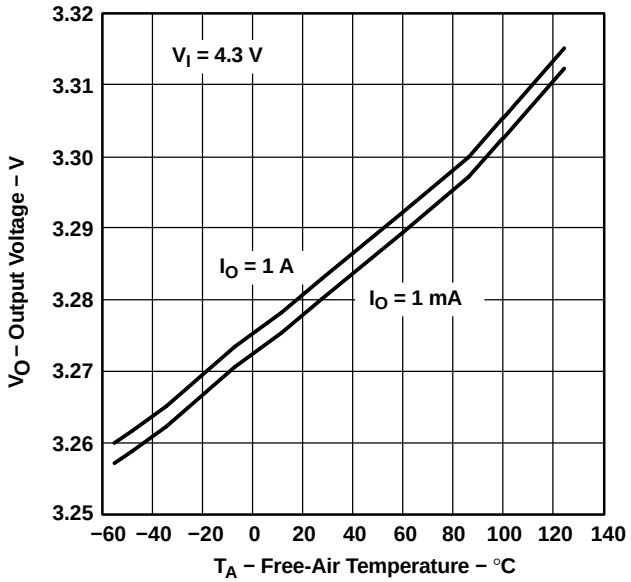


Figure 5.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

TPS76815
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

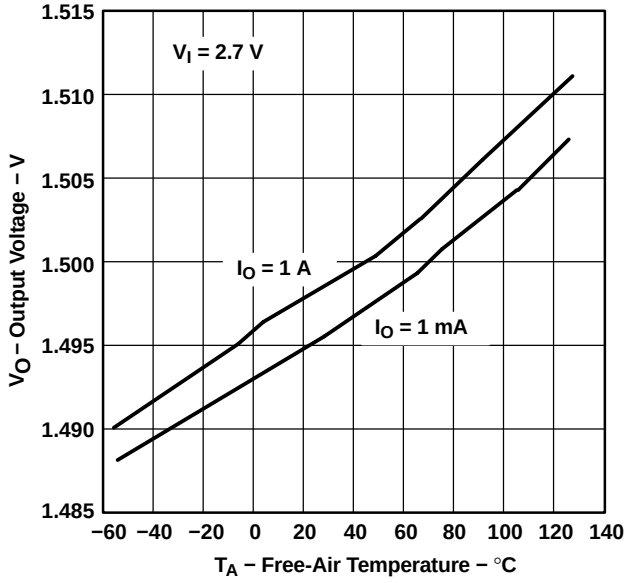


Figure 6.

TPS76825
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

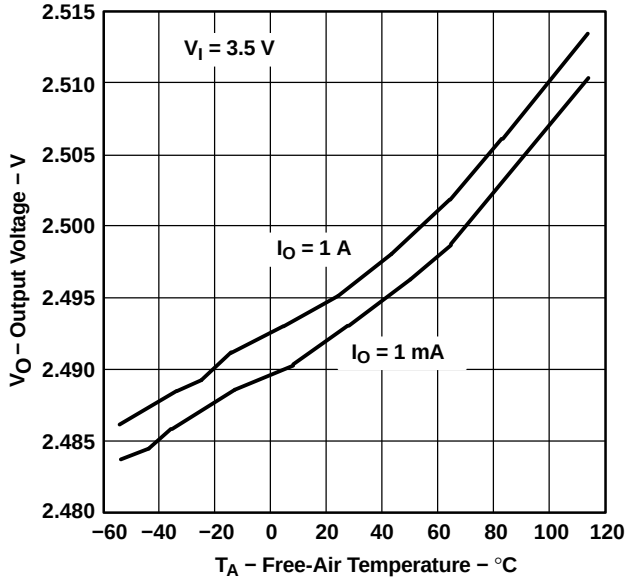


Figure 7.

TPS76833
GROUND CURRENT
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

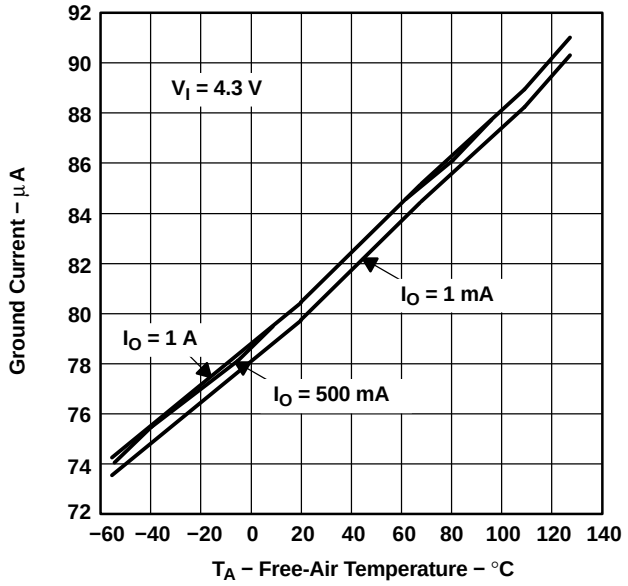


Figure 8.

TPS76815
GROUND CURRENT
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

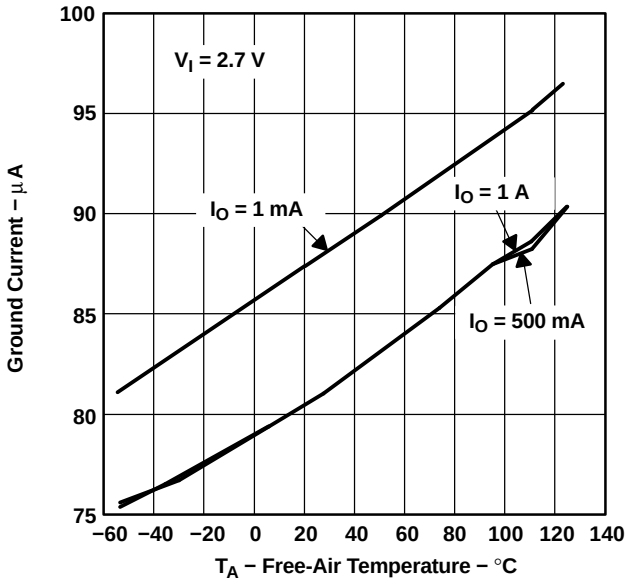


Figure 9.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

TPS76833
POWER SUPPLY RIPPLE REJECTION
vs
FREQUENCY

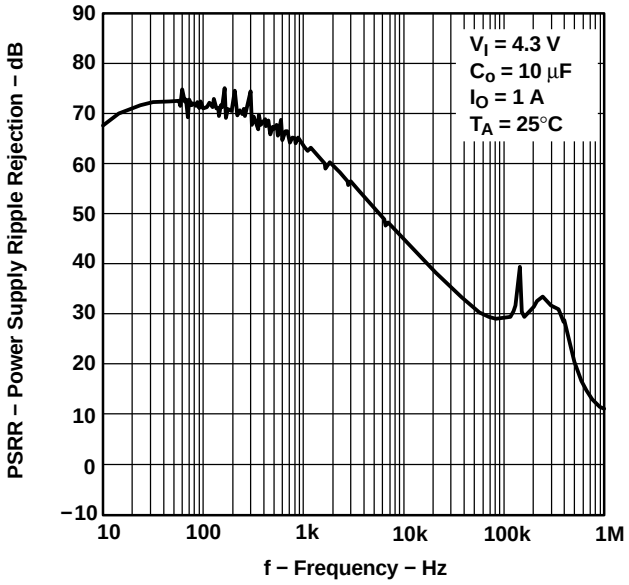


Figure 10.

TPS76833
OUTPUT SPECTRAL NOISE DENSITY
vs
FREQUENCY

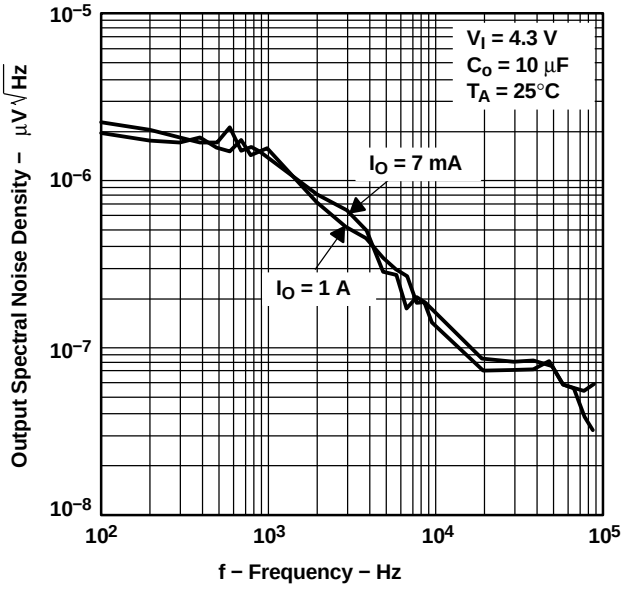


Figure 11.

INPUT VOLTAGE (MIN)
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE

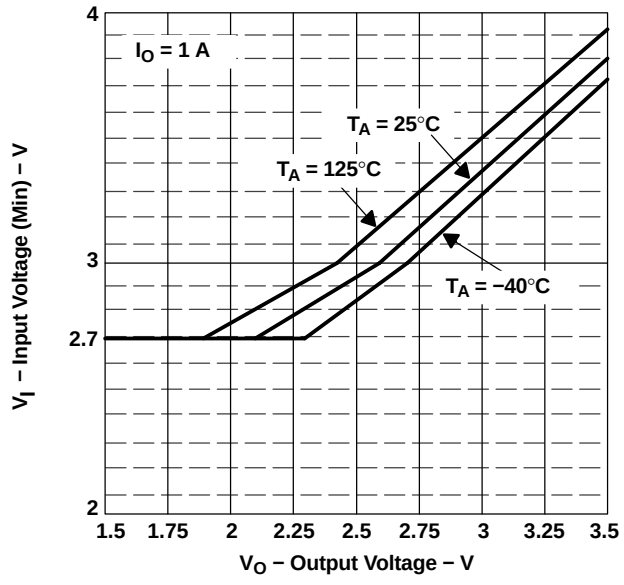


Figure 12.

TPS76833
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
vs
FREQUENCY

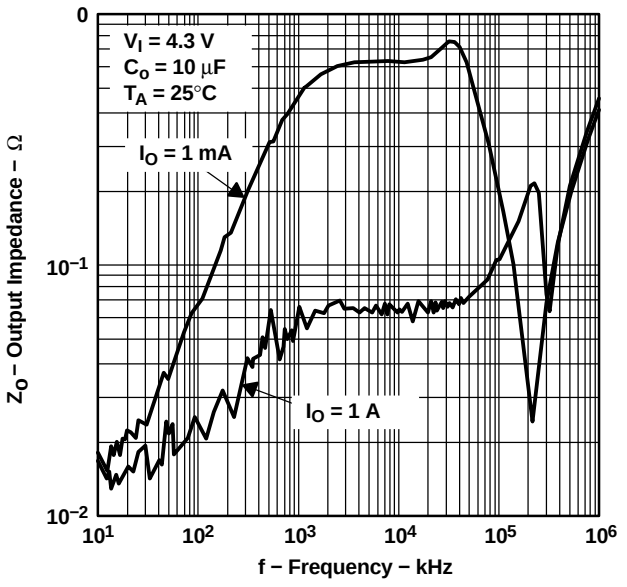


Figure 13.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

TPS76833
DROPOUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

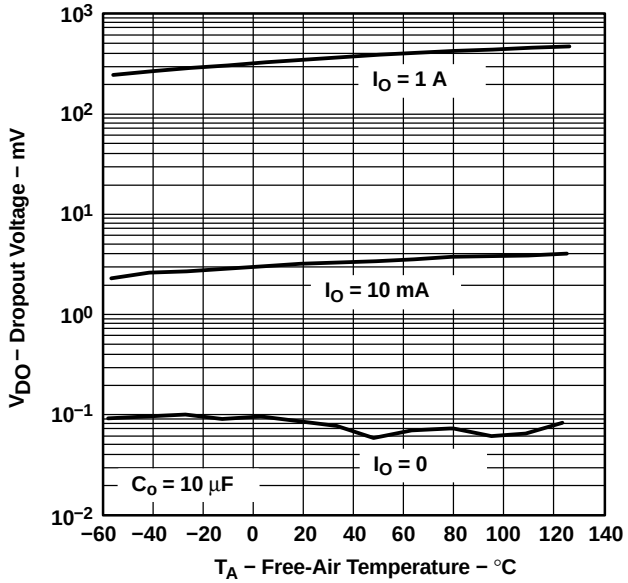


Figure 14.

TPS76815
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

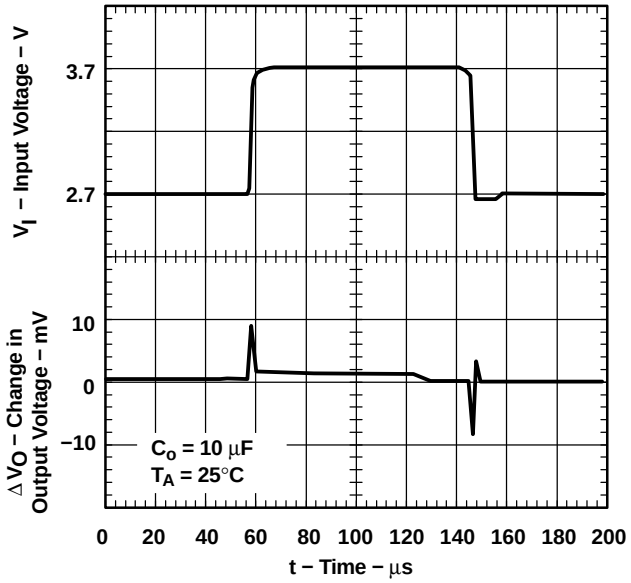


Figure 15.

TPS76815
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

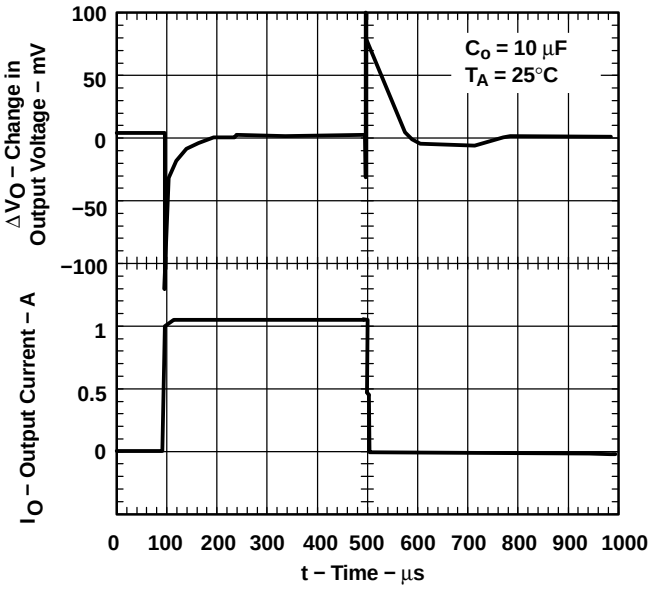


Figure 16.

TPS76833
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

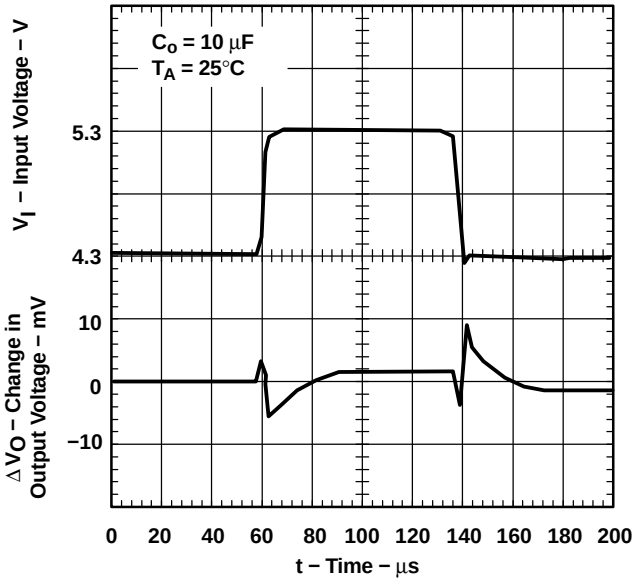


Figure 17.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

TPS76833
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

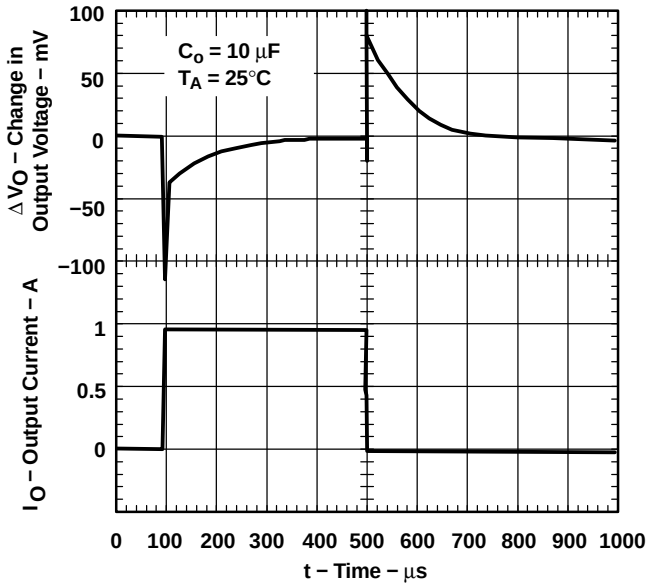


Figure 18.

TPS76833
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
TIME (AT START-UP)

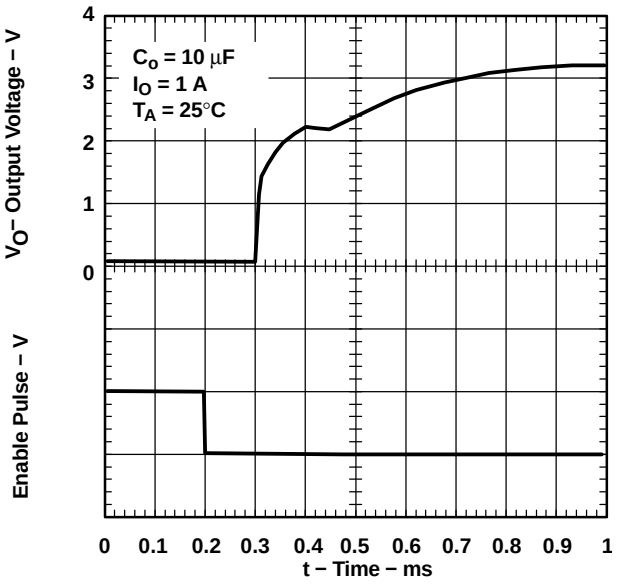


Figure 19.

TPS76801
DROPOUT VOLTAGE
vs
INPUT VOLTAGE

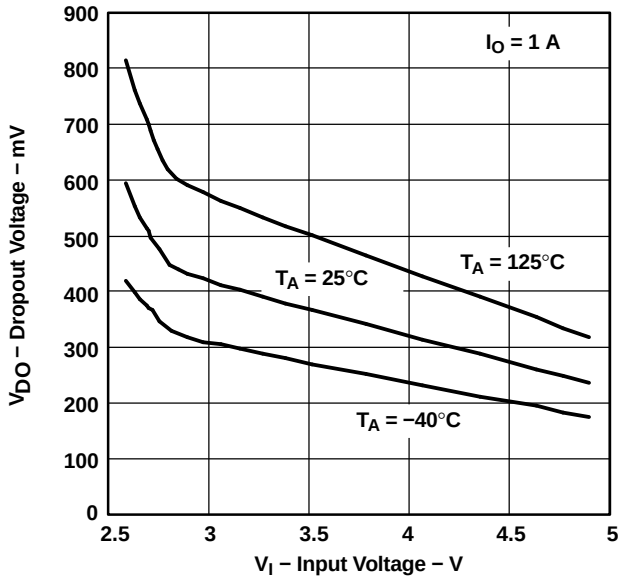


Figure 20.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

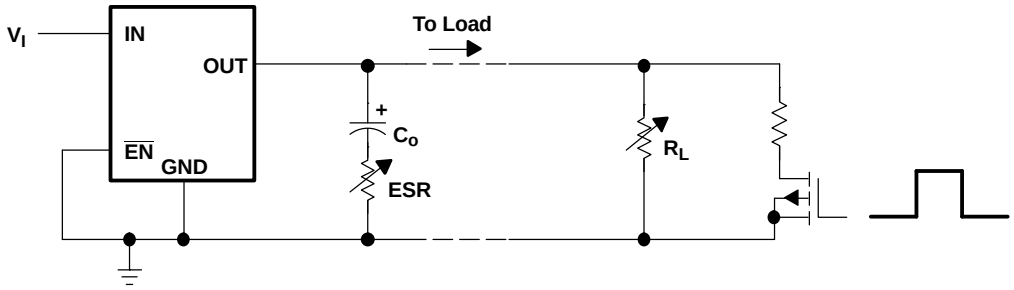


Figure 21. Test Circuit for Typical Regions of Stability (Figure 22 through Figure 25) (Fixed Output Options)

Equivalent series resistance (ESR) refers to the total series resistance, including the ESR of the capacitor, any series resistance added externally, and PWB trace resistance to C_O.

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT

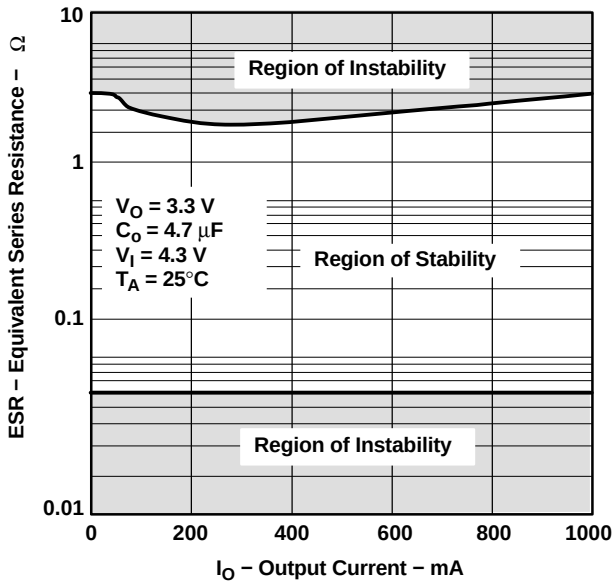


Figure 22.

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT

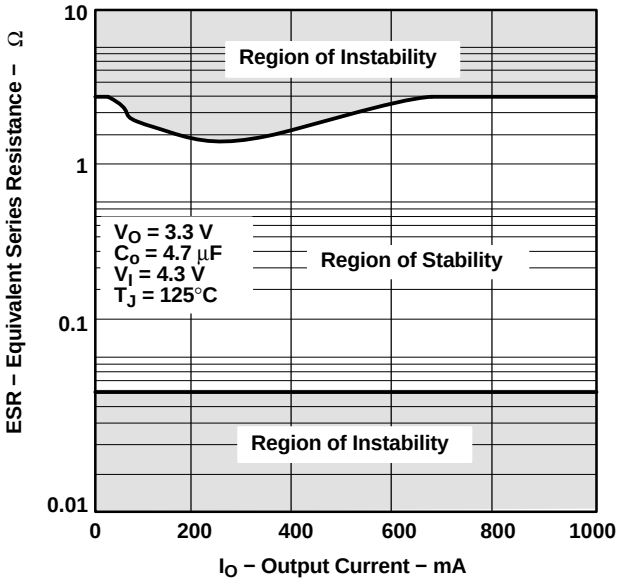


Figure 23.

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT

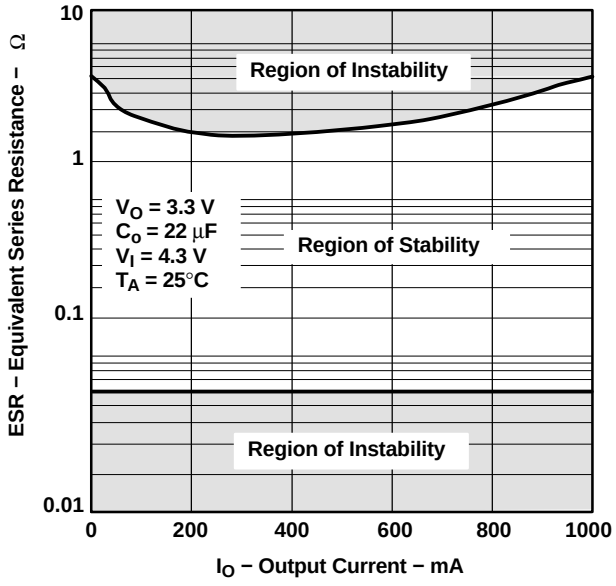


Figure 24.

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE
vs
OUTPUT CURRENT

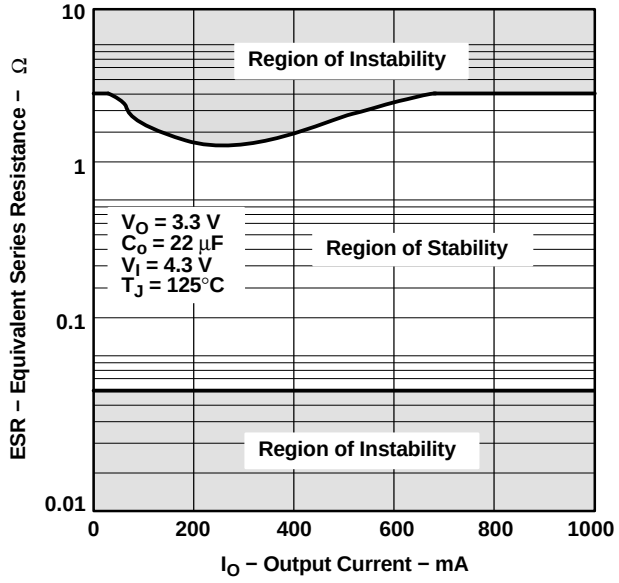


Figure 25.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS768xx family includes eight fixed-output voltage regulators (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.7 V, 2.8 V, 3.0 V, 3.3 V, and 5.0 V), and offers an adjustable device, the TPS76801 (adjustable from 1.2 V to 5.5 V).

DEVICE OPERATION

The TPS768xx features very low quiescent current, which remains virtually constant even with varying loads. Conventional LDO regulators use a pnp pass element, the base current of which is directly proportional to the load current through the regulator ($I_B = I_C/\beta$). The TPS768xx uses a PMOS transistor to pass current; because the gate of the PMOS is voltage driven, operating current is low and invariable over the full load range.

Another pitfall associated with the pnp-pass element is its tendency to saturate when the device goes into dropout. The resulting drop in β forces an increase in I_B to maintain the load. During power up, this translates to large start-up currents. Systems with limited supply current may fail to start up. In battery-powered systems, it means rapid battery discharge when the voltage decays below the minimum required for regulation. The TPS768xx quiescent current remains low even when the regulator drops out, eliminating both problems.

The TPS768xx family also features a shutdown mode that places the output in the high-impedance state (essentially equal to the feedback-divider resistance) and reduces quiescent current to 2 µA. If the shutdown feature is not used, $\overline{EN}$ should be tied to ground.

MINIMUM LOAD REQUIREMENTS

The TPS768xx family is stable even at zero load; no minimum load is required for operation.

FB - PIN CONNECTION (ADJUSTABLE VERSION ONLY)

The FB pin is an input pin to sense the output voltage and close the loop for the adjustable option. The output voltage is sensed through a resistor divider network to close the loop as shown in Figure 27. Normally, this connection should be as short as possible; however, the connection can be made near a critical circuit to improve performance at that point. Internally, FB connects to a high-impedance wide-bandwidth amplifier and noise pickup feeds through to the regulator output. Routing the FB connection to minimize/avoid noise pickup is essential.

EXTERNAL CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

An input capacitor is not usually required; however, a ceramic bypass capacitor (0.047 µF or larger) improves load transient response and noise rejection if the TPS768xx is located more than a few inches from the power supply. A higher-capacitance electrolytic capacitor may be necessary if large (hundreds of milliamps) load transients with fast rise times are anticipated.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS768xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is 10 µF and the ESR (equivalent series resistance) must be between 60 mΩ and 1.5 Ω. Capacitor values 10 µF or larger are acceptable, provided the ESR is less than 1.5Ω . Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described above. Most of the commercially available 10 µF surface-mount ceramic capacitors, including devices from Sprague and Kemet, meet the ESR requirements stated above.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

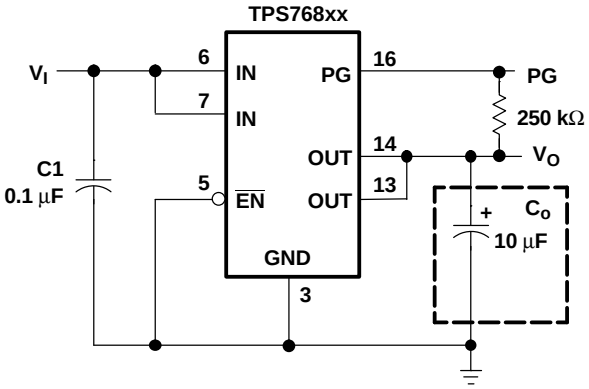


Figure 26. Typical Application Circuit (Fixed Versions)

The output voltage of the TPS76801 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure 27. The output voltage is calculated using:

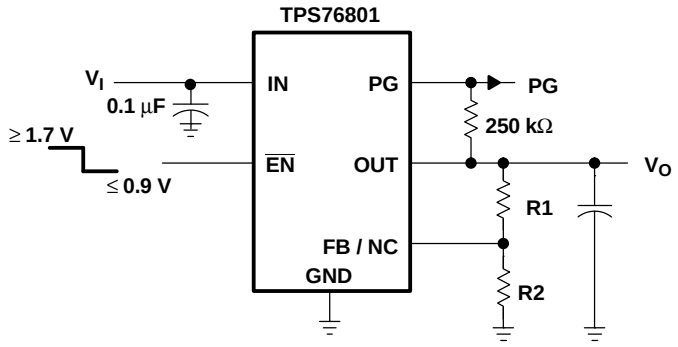
$$V_O = V_{ref} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (1)$$

where:

V_{ref} = 1.1834 V typ (the internal reference voltage)

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50-μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used but offer no inherent advantage and waste more power. Higher values should be avoided as leakage currents at FB increase the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 30.1 kΩ to set the divider current at 50 μA and then calculate R1 using:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{ref}} - 1\right) \times R2 \quad (2)$$



OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING GUIDE

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	R1	R2	UNIT
2.5 V	33.2	30.1	kΩ
3.3 V	53.6	30.1	kΩ
3.6 V	61.9	30.1	kΩ
4.75 V	90.8	30.1	kΩ

Figure 27. TPS76801 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

POWER-GOOD INDICATOR

The TPS768xx features a power-good (PG) output that can be used to monitor the status of the regulator. The internal comparator monitors the output voltage: when the output drops to between 92% and 98% of its nominal regulated value, the PG output transistor turns on, taking the signal low. The open-drain output requires a pullup resistor. If not used, it can be left floating. PG can be used to drive power-on reset circuitry or used as a low-battery indicator. PG does not assert itself when the regulated output voltage falls out of the specified 2% tolerance, but instead reports an output voltage low, relative to its nominal regulated value.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

REGULATOR PROTECTION

The TPS768xx PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse currents when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. When extended reverse voltage is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

The TPS768xx also features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS768xx limits output current to approximately 1.7 A. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds 150°C (typ), thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled below 130°C (typ), regulator operation resumes.

POWER DISSIPATION AND JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125°C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D, which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$.

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_J max - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (3)$$

where:

$T_J max$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature.

$R_{\theta JA}$ is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package, i.e., 172°C/W for the 8-terminal SOIC and 32.6°C/W for the 20-terminal PWP with no airflow.

T_A is the ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_D = \left(V_I - V_O\right) \times I_O \quad (4)$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation will trigger the thermal protection circuit.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
TPS76801QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76801QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76801QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76801QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76801QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS76815QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76815QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76815QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76815QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76818QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76818QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76818QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76818QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76818QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS76825QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76825QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76825QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76825QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76827QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76827QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76827QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76827QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76828QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76828QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76828QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76828QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76830QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76830QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76830QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76830QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76833QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/

Orderable Device	Status [1]	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan [2]	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp [3]
						(RoHS)		Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76833QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76833QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76833QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76850QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76850QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR/ Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76850QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76850QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	None	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS76850QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

[1] The marketing status values are defined as follows:
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Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean "Pb-Free" and in addition, uses package materials that do not contain halogens, including bromine (Br) or antimony (Sb) above 0.1% of total product weight.

[3] MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDECindustry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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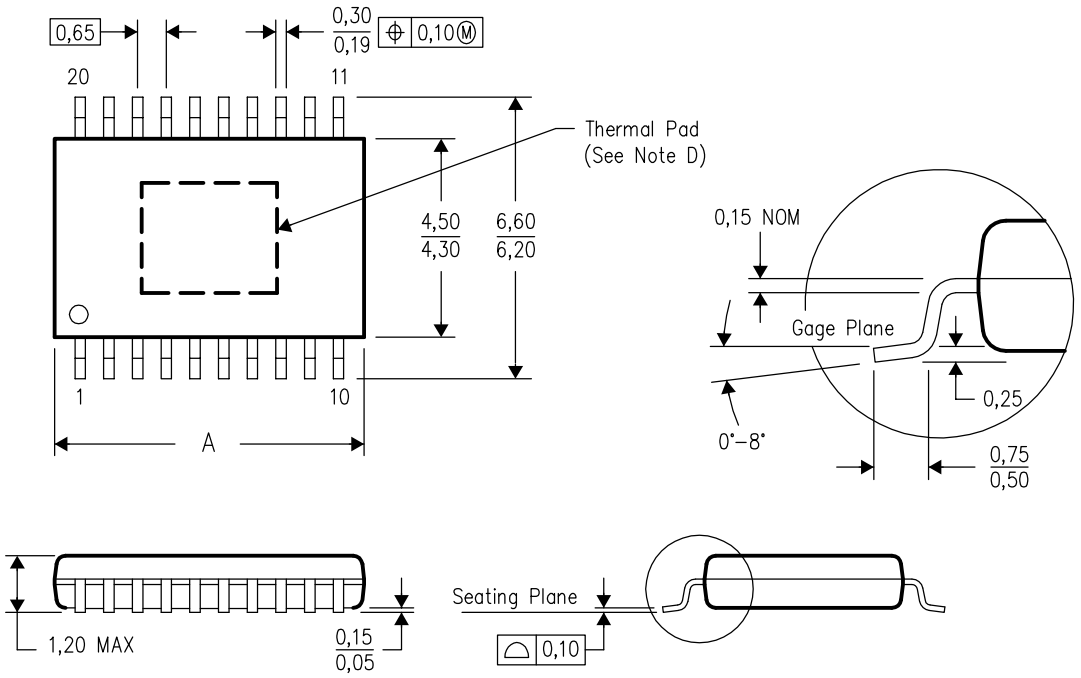
20 PIN SHOWN



DIM \ PINS **	14	16	20	24	28
A MAX	5,10	5,10	6,60	7,90	9,80
A MIN	4,90	4,90	6,40	7,70	9,60

4073225/G 08/03

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions.
D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <http://www.ti.com>.
E. Falls within JEDEC MO–153

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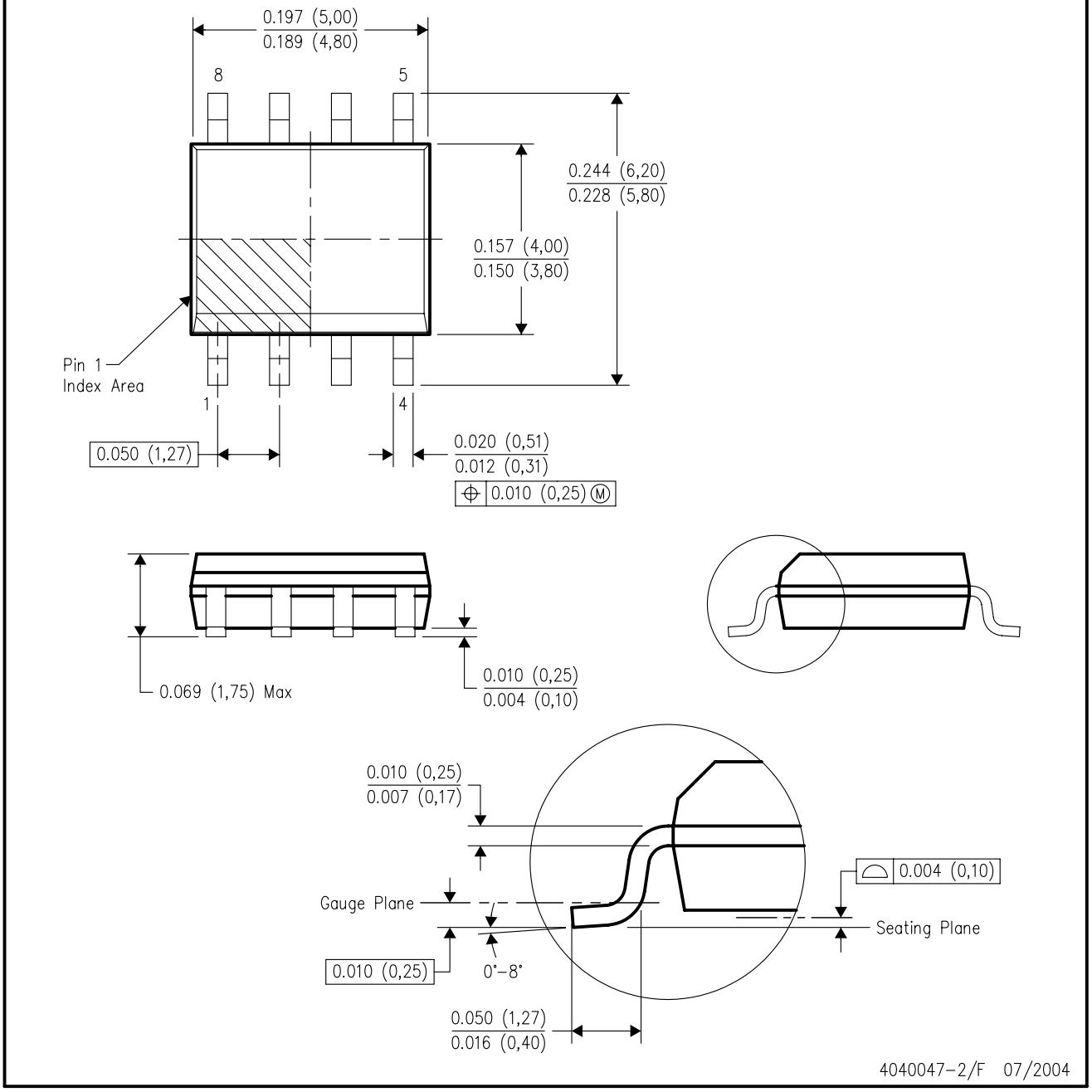

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
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