

SINGLE-PHASE GLASS PASSIVATED SILICON BRIDGE RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE RANGE 50 to 1000 Volts CURRENT 1.5 Ampere

FEATURES

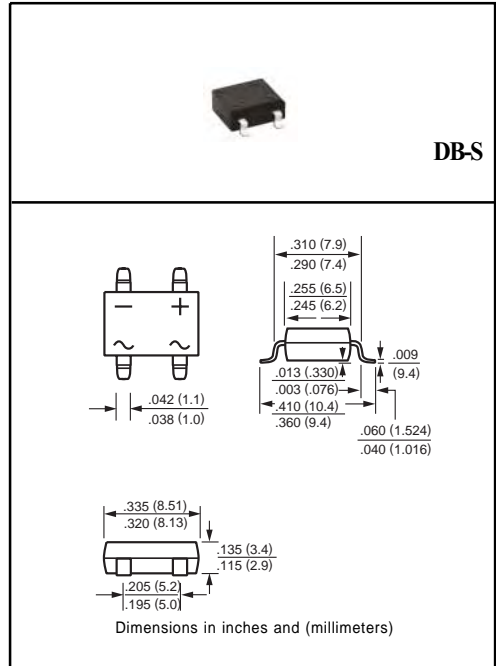
- * Surge overload rating - 60 amperes peak
- * Ideal for printed circuit board
- * Reliable low cost construction utilizing molded
- * Glass passivated device
- * Polarity symbols molded on body
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 1.0 gram

MECHANICAL DATA

- * Epoxy : Device has UL flammability classification 94V-0
- * UL listed the recognized component directory, file #E94233

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.



MAXIMUM RATINGS (At TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

RATINGS	SYMBOL	DB151S	DB152S	DB153S	DB154S	DB155S	DB156S	DB157S	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Bridge Input Voltage	V _{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Output Current at TA = 40°C	I _O	1.5							Amps
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	I _{FSM}					60			Amps
Typical thermal resistance	R _{θJA}					40			°C/W
	R _{θJL}					15			
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{STG}	-55 to + 150							°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (At TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	DB151S	DB152S	DB153S	DB154S	DB155S	DB156S	DB157S	UNITS
Maximum Forward Voltage Drop per Bridge Element at 1.0A DC	V _F					1.1			Volts
Maximum Reverse Current at rated DC Blocking Voltage per element	@TA = 25°C					5.0			uAmps
	@TA = 125°C					0.5			mAmps

NOTE: Suffix "-s" Surface Mount for Dip Bridge.

FIG. 1 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

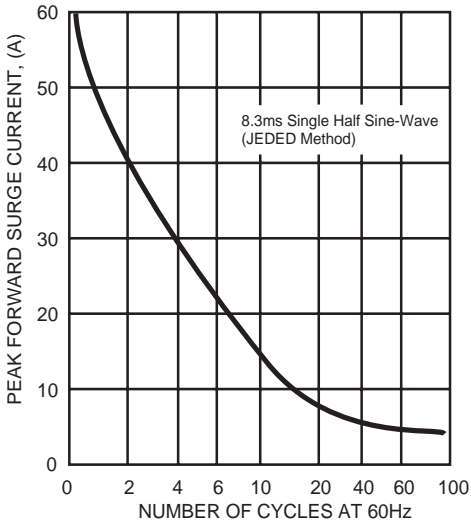


FIG. 2 - TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

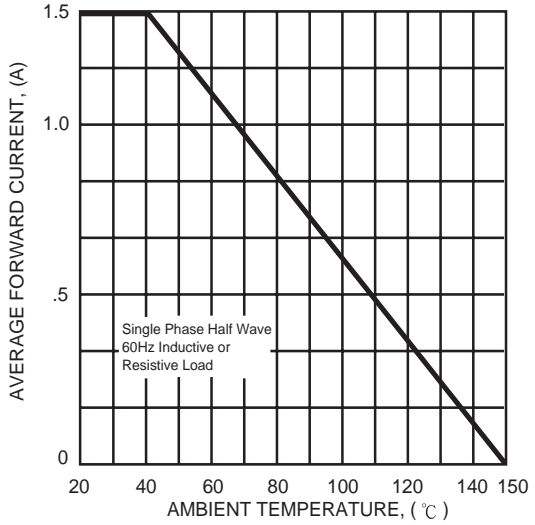


FIG. 3 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

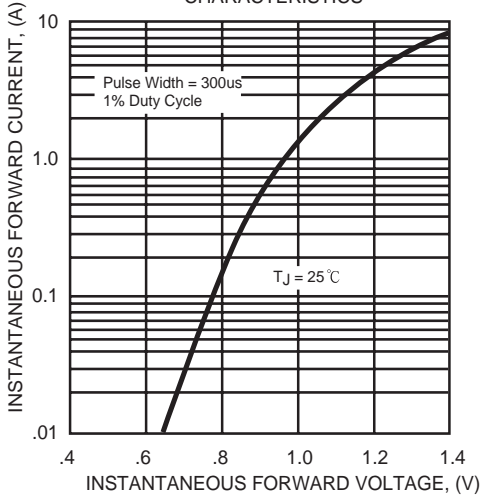


FIG. 4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

