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PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Product Name: Cylindrical-type Supercapacitor

Product Model: SR2R7156Z-L

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PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

DOC NO: <u>SDHTLPS/C-RE-PS-156</u>

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1. Scope

This product specification describes the characteristics of supercapacitor produced by Shan Dong Heter Lampson Electronic Co., Ltd.

2. **Standard Testing Condition**

All test and measurements shall be made under standard atmospheric conditions(Temperature: 15~35°C, Relative humidity: 25%~75%)for testing. Before the measurements are made, the supercapacitor shall be store at the measuring temperature for a time sufficient to allow the entire supercapacitor to reach this temperature. All tests of the specification book were carried out under the following environmental conditions:

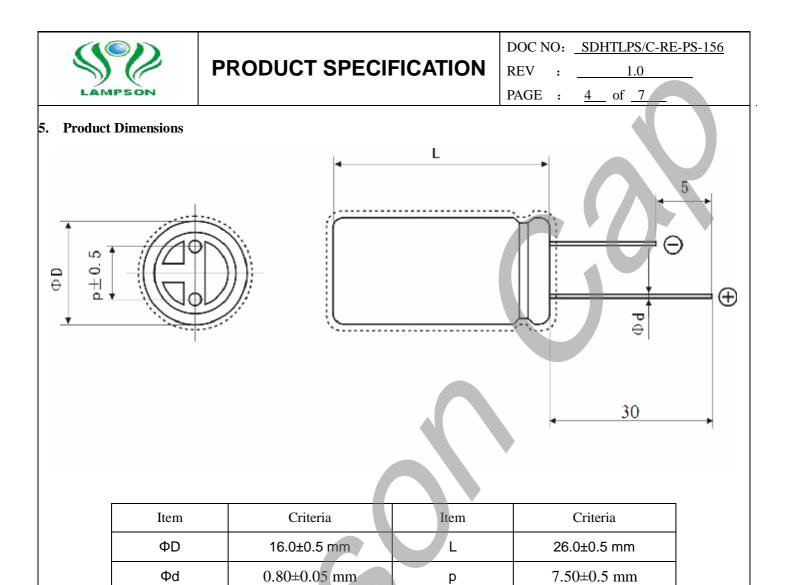
> Temperature: 25±1℃ Humidity: (60±15) % RH Air pressure: 86~106KPa

General Characteristics 3.

Item			Specification
1	Model		SR2R7156Z-L
2	Rated discharge capacitance		15 F
3	Capacitance tolerance		-20%~+80%
4	Rated voltage		2.7V
5	Surge voltage		2.85V
6 Nom	Nominal impedance	AC Imp	30 mΩ
	Nominal Impedance	DC Imp	45mΩ
7	Working temperature range		-40~60℃
8	Storage temperature range		-40~70°℃
9	Cycle life		Standard charge-discharge mode > 100000 cycles, $ \triangle C/C \le 30\%$, ESR ≤ 4 times of specified ESR

Environmental Characteristics 4.

	Item		Specification/Condition
	1	Temperature characteristics	$ \triangle C/C \le 30\%$, ESR \le specified ESR(25°C) at +60°C $ \triangle C/C \le 50\%$, ESR ≤ 4 times of specified ESR (25°C) at -25°C
	2	High temperature load	$ \triangle C/C \le 30\%$, ESR ≤ 4 times of specified ESR ($25^{\circ}C$) at +60±2°C/1000hrs/rated voltage
	3	High temperature storage	\triangle C/C ≤30% , ESR≤2 times of specified ESR (25°C) at +60±2°C/1000hrs/standby after fully charge
	4	Humidity Resistance	+40°C±2, 9095%RH, 240h, $ \triangle C/C \le 30\%$,IL ≤ 2 times of specified leakage current, ESR ≤ 4 times of specified ESR (25°C)



6. Part Number system

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- Lead pin designation, L; S; B
- Tolerance designation, Z means tolerance of $-20\% \sim +80\%$
- Capacitance designation, noted by three arabic numerals, e.g. 474 means $47*10^4 \,\mu\text{F}$
- voltage designation, 2R7 means voltage of 2.7V, 5R5 means voltage of 5.5V
- Shape designation, "R" means Rotundity, "C "means Coin, "P" means Prismatic
- "S" means Supercapacitor





7 The Measurement Methods

- 7.1 Capacitance (Constant current discharge method)
 - 1) Turn the switch S to the DC power supply,

supply charge the supercapacitor with constant current

(10 mA/F) to rated voltage (U_R) ;

- 2) Constant voltage charge at rated voltage(U_R) $\ \ for \ \ 30min;$
- Discharge the supercapacitor with constant current(10mA/F) to 0.1V.

Measure the time t_1 to t_2 where the voltage between capacitor terminals at the time of discharge reduces from U_1 to U_2 as shown figure2 and calculate the capacitance value by the following formula:

$$C = \frac{I \times (t_2 - t_1)}{U_1 - U_2}$$

where: C: is the capacitance (F)

- I: is the discharge current (A)
- t_1 : is the time from discharge start to reach U_1 (s)
- t2: is the time from discharge start to reach U_2 (s)
- U_1 : is the measurement starting voltage (V)

 U_2 : is the measurement end voltage (V)

7.2 Internal resistance

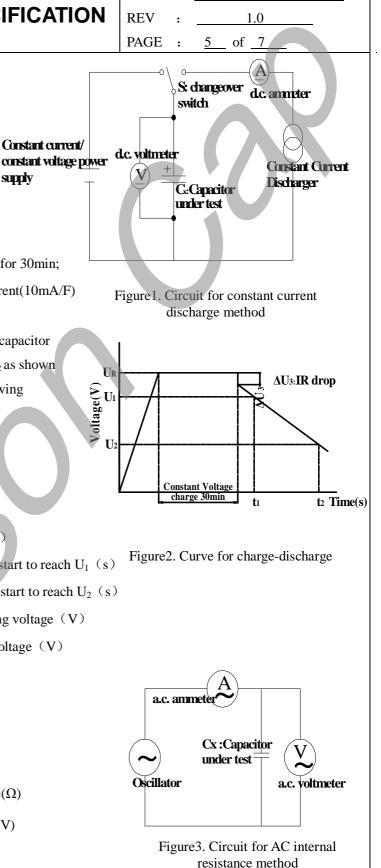
7.2.1 DC resistance method

$$R_{DC} = \frac{U_3}{I}$$

where: R_{DC} : is the DC intermal resistance(Ω)

 U_3 : is the drop voltage for 10ms(V)

I: is the discharge current(A)



7.2.2 AC resistance method

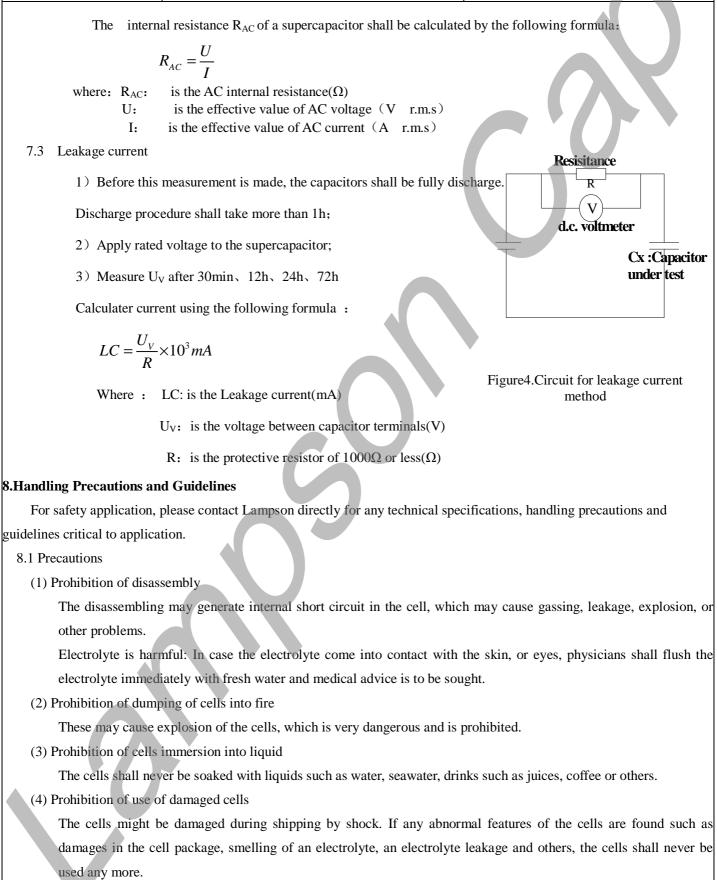
Measure AC internal resistance by the LCR meter (Frequency: 1KHz)



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The Cells with a smell of the electrolyte or a leakage shall be placed away from fire to avoid firing or explosion. 8.2 Handling Guidelines

- (1) It is not suitable that cell is used under such conditions: AC circuit and wave filtering.
- (2) Work voltage of cell should not exceed Max. work voltage of cell during using. Otherwise, will shorten shelf life, even cause swelling, leakage or crack..
- (3) Please check the polarity before using. If working under reverse polarity, cell will not only shorten shelf life, but also heavy damage, such as swelling, electrolyte leakage etc.
- (4) Environment

Work temperature will have an influence on shelf life of cell. As usual, higher work temperature will shorten shelf life. So, it is better that cell works under as possible as low environmental temperature.

Work temperature of cell should consider internal work temperature in the unit and temperature rise when cell works.

(5) IR drop

When main power sources shut down, cell will change into work mode from failure mode, at the same time, OCV will decrease due to IR drop. So please choose proper product type according to impedance specified in product datasheet and applied current.

(6) Cells in series connection

When cells in series connection for higher work voltage, it should be assured that work voltage of any single cell must not exceed Max. work voltage of single cell, otherwise, will shorten shelf life, even cause swelling, leakage or crack.

(7) Soldering

Heat shock will decrease electric performance of cell, even cause swelling, leakage or crack.

Soldering temperature should not exceed 230° C, soldering time should not exceed 5s.

(8) Please don't use reflow soldering of infrared heating and air heating.