



# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

MAX9180

## General Description

The MAX9180 is a 400Mbps, low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) repeater, which accepts a single LVDS input and duplicates the signal at a single LVDS output. Its low-jitter, low-noise performance makes it ideal for buffering LVDS signals sent over long distances or noisy environments, such as cables and backplanes.

The MAX9180's tiny size makes it especially suitable for minimizing stub lengths in multidrop backplane applications. The SC70 package (half the size of a SOT23) allows the MAX9180 to be placed close to the connector, thereby minimizing stub lengths and reflections on the bus. The point-to-point connection between the MAX9180 output and the destination IC, such as an FPGA or ASIC, allows the destination IC to be located at greater distances from the bus connector.

Ultra-low, 23psp-p added deterministic jitter and 0.6psRMS added random jitter ensure reliable communication in high-speed links that are highly sensitive to timing errors, especially those incorporating clock-and-data recovery, PLLs, serializers, or deserializers. The MAX9180's switching performance guarantees a 400Mbps data rate, but minimizes radiated noise by guaranteeing 0.5ns minimum output transition time.

The MAX9180 has fail-safe circuitry that sets the output high for undriven open, short, or terminated inputs.

The MAX9180 operates from a single 3.3V supply and consumes only 10mA over a -40°C to +85°C temperature range. Refer to the MAX9129 data sheet for a quad bus LVDS (BLVDS) driver, and to the MAX9181 data sheet for a low-jitter, low-noise 400Mbps LVPECL-to-LVDS level translator in an SC70 package.

## Applications

- Cellular Phone Base Stations
- DSLAMs
- Digital Cross-Connects
- Add/Drop Muxes
- Network Switches/Routers
- Multidrop Buses
- Cable Repeaters

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

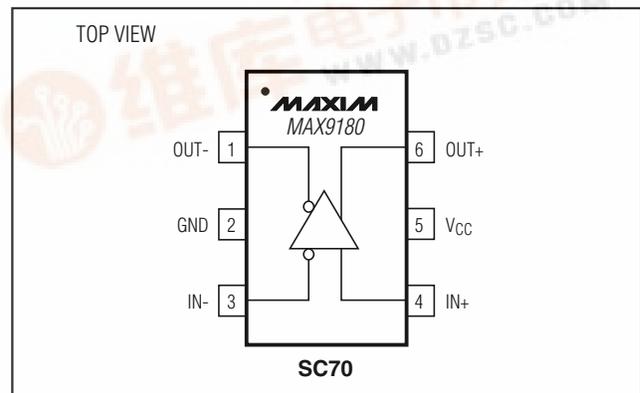
## Features

- ◆ Tiny SC70 Package
- ◆ Ultra-Low Jitter
  - 23psp-p Added Deterministic Jitter (2<sup>23</sup> - 1 PRBS)
  - 0.6psRMS Added Random Jitter
- ◆ 0.5ns (min) Transition Time Minimizes Radiated Noise
- ◆ 400Mbps Guaranteed Data Rate
- ◆ Fail-Safe Circuit Sets Output High for Undriven Inputs (Open, Terminated, or Shorted)
- ◆ Low 10mA Supply Current
- ◆ Low 6mA Supply Current in Fail-Safe
- ◆ Conforms to ANSI/EIA/TIA-644 LVDS Standard
- ◆ High-Impedance Inputs and Outputs in Power-Down Mode

## Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX9180EXT-T	-40°C to +85°C	6 SC70-6	ABH

## Pin Configuration



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V <sub>CC</sub> to GND .....	-0.3V to +4.0V	Storage Temperature Range .....	-65°C to +150°C
IN+, IN- to GND .....	-0.3V to +4.0V	Junction Temperature .....	+150°C
OUT+, OUT- to GND .....	-0.3V to +4.0V	Operating Temperature Range .....	-40°C to +85°C
Short-Circuit Duration (OUT+, OUT-) .....	Continuous	ESD Protection	
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)		Human Body Model, IN+, IN-, OUT+, OUT- .....	±8kV
6-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C) .....	245mW	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V, R<sub>L</sub> = 100Ω ±1%, |V<sub>ID</sub>| = 0.05V to 1.2V, V<sub>CM</sub> = |V<sub>ID</sub> / 2| to 2.4V - |V<sub>ID</sub> / 2|, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>LVDS INPUT</b>						
Differential Input High Threshold	V <sub>TH</sub>			7	50	mV
Differential Input Low Threshold	V <sub>TL</sub>		-50	-7		mV
Input Current	I <sub>IN+</sub> , I <sub>IN-</sub>	0.05V ≤  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 0.6V	-15	-2.5	+15	μA
		0.6V <  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 1.2V	-20	-3.5	+20	
Power-Off Input Current	I <sub>IN+</sub> , I <sub>IN-</sub>	0.05V ≤  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 0.6V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V	-15	+1.3	+15	μA
		0.6V <  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 1.2V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V	-20	+2.6	+20	
Input Resistor 1	R <sub>IN1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V or 0V, Figure 1	67	232		kΩ
Input Resistor 2	R <sub>IN2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V or 0V, Figure 1	267	1174		kΩ
<b>LVDS OUTPUT</b>						
Differential Output Voltage	V <sub>OD</sub>	Figure 2	250	360	450	mV
Change in V <sub>OD</sub> Between Complementary Output States	ΔV <sub>OD</sub>	Figure 2		0.008	25	mV
Offset (Common-Mode) Voltage	V <sub>OS</sub>	Figure 2	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
Change in V <sub>OS</sub> for Complementary Output States	ΔV <sub>OS</sub>	Figure 2		0.005	25	mV
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>			1.44	1.6	V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		0.9	1.08		V
Fail-Safe Differential Output Voltage	V <sub>OD+</sub>	IN+, IN- shorted, open, or parallel terminated	+250	+360	+450	mV
Power-Off Output Leakage Current	I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V				μA
		OUT+ = 3.6V, other output open	-10	+0.02	+10	
		OUT- = 3.6V, other output open	-10	+0.02	+10	
Differential Output Resistance	R <sub>ODIFF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V or 0V	100	260	400	Ω
Output Short Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	V <sub>ID</sub> = 50mV, OUT+ = GND		-5	-15	mA
		V <sub>ID</sub> = -50mV, OUT- = GND		-5	-15	
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>						
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	Output loaded		10	15	mA
Supply Current in Fail-Safe	I <sub>CCF</sub>	Output loaded, input undriven		6	8	mA

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MAX9180

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega \pm 1\%$ ,  $C_L = 10pF$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 0.15V$  to  $1.2V$ ,  $V_{CM} = |V_{ID}| / 2$  to  $2.4V - |V_{ID}| / 2$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Notes 3, 4, 5) (Figures 3, 4)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Differential Propagation Delay High to Low	$t_{PHLD}$		1.3	2.0	2.8	ns
Differential Propagation Delay Low to High	$t_{PLHD}$		1.3	2.0	2.8	ns
Added Deterministic Jitter	$t_{DJ}$	400Mbps $2^{23}$ - 1 PRBS data pattern (Notes 6, 11)		23	100	psp-p
Added Random Jitter	$t_{RJ}$	$f_{IN} = 200MHz$ (Notes 7, 11)		0.6	2.9	psRMS
Differential Part-to-Part Skew	$t_{SKPP1}$	(Note 8)		0.16	0.6	ns
	$t_{SKPP2}$	(Note 9)			1.5	ns
Switching Supply Current	$I_{CCSW}$			12.2	18	mA
Rise Time	$t_{TLH}$		0.5	0.67	1.0	ns
Fall Time	$t_{THL}$		0.5	0.66	1.0	ns
Input Frequency	$f_{MAX}$	(Note 10)	200			MHz

**Note 1:** All devices are 100% tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 2:** Current into a pin is defined as positive. Current out of a pin is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except  $V_{TH}$ ,  $V_{TL}$ ,  $V_{OD}$ , and  $\Delta V_{OD}$ .

**Note 3:** Guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 4:** Signal generator output (unless otherwise noted): frequency = 200MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $R_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_R = 1.5ns$ , and  $t_F = 1.5ns$  (0% to 100%).

**Note 5:**  $C_L$  includes scope probe and test jig capacitance.

**Note 6:** Signal generator output for  $t_{DJ}$ :  $V_{OD} = 150mV$ ,  $V_{OS} = 1.2V$ ,  $t_{DJ}$  includes pulse (duty-cycle) skew.

**Note 7:** Signal generator output for  $t_{RJ}$ :  $V_{OD} = 150mV$ ,  $V_{OS} = 1.2V$ .

**Note 8:**  $t_{SKPP1}$  is the magnitude difference of any differential propagation delays between devices operating over rated conditions at the same supply voltage, input common-mode voltage, and ambient temperature.

**Note 9:**  $t_{SKPP2}$  is the magnitude difference of any differential propagation delays between devices operating over rated conditions.

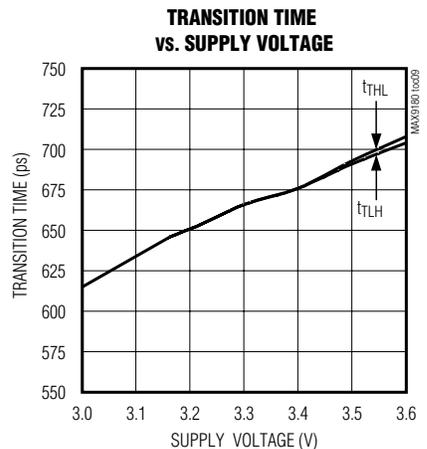
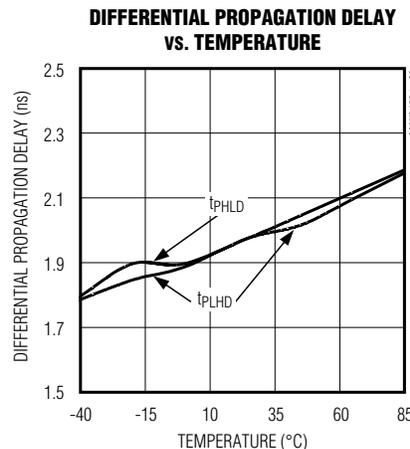
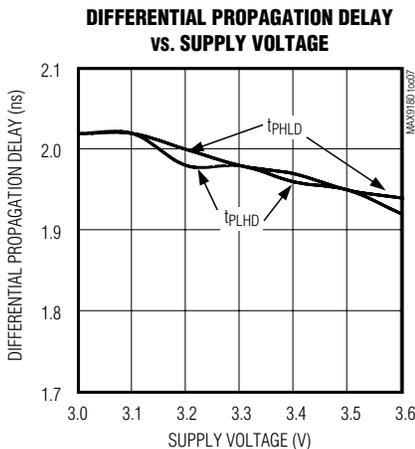
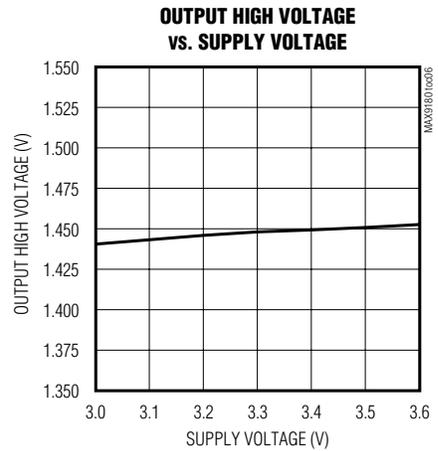
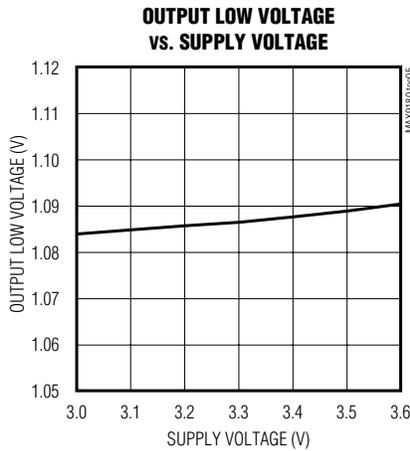
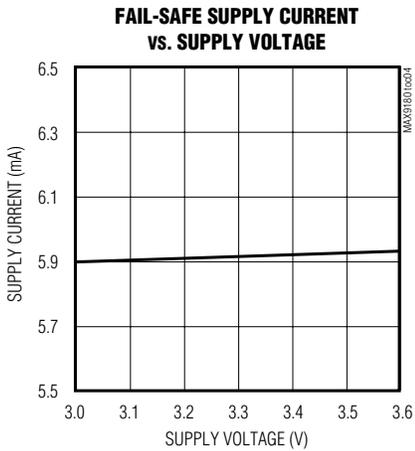
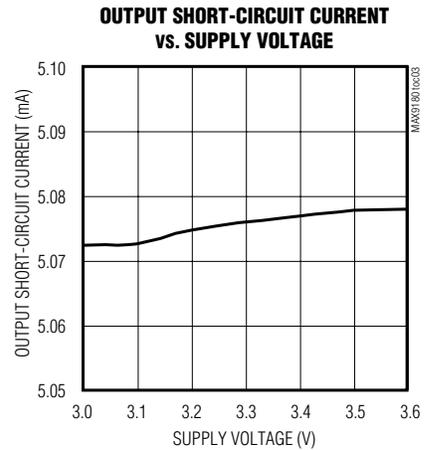
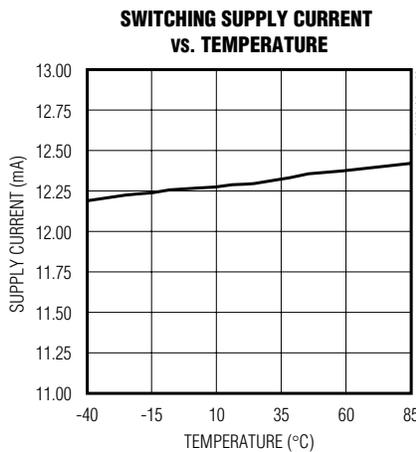
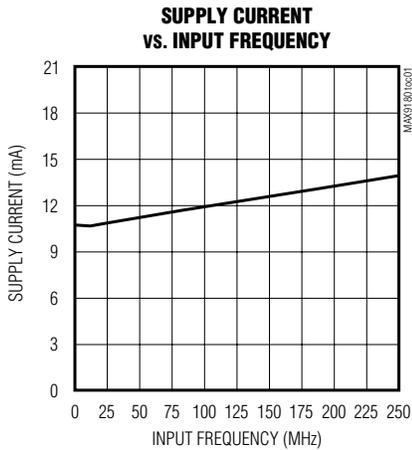
**Note 10:** Device meets  $V_{OD}$  DC specification and AC specifications while operating at  $f_{MAX}$ .

**Note 11:** Jitter added to the input signal.

# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

## Typical Operating Characteristics

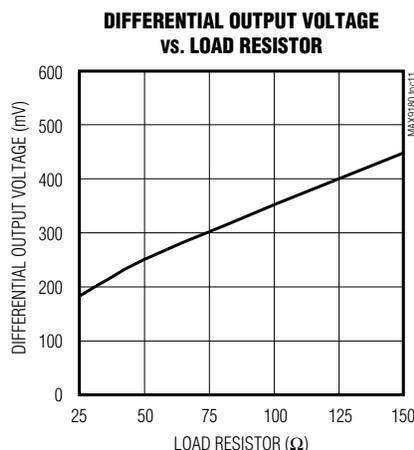
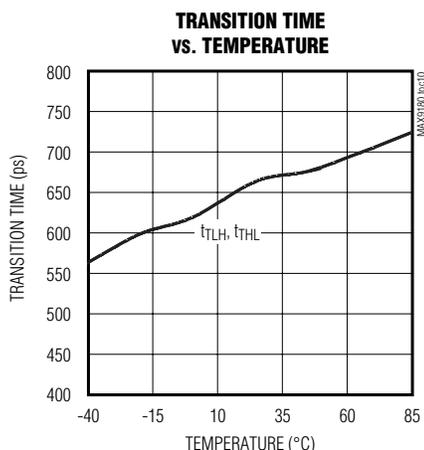
( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega \pm 1\%$ ,  $C_L = 10pF$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Signal generator output: frequency = 200MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $R_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_R = 1.5ns$ , and  $t_F = 1.5ns$  (0% to 100%), unless otherwise noted.)



# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega \pm 1\%$ ,  $C_L = 10pF$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Signal generator output: frequency = 200MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $R_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_R = 1.5ns$ , and  $t_F = 1.5ns$  (0% to 100%), unless otherwise noted.)



### Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	OUT-	Inverting LVDS Output
2	GND	Ground
3	IN-	Inverting LVDS Input
4	IN+	Noninverting LVDS Input
5	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply. Bypass V <sub>CC</sub> to GND with a 0.01μF ceramic capacitor.
6	OUT+	Noninverting LVDS Output

**Table 1. Function Table for LVDS Fail-Safe Input (Figure 2)**

INPUT, V <sub>ID</sub>	OUTPUT, V <sub>OD</sub>
≥50mV	High
≤-50mV	Low
50mV > V <sub>ID</sub> > -50mV	Indeterminate
Undriven open, short, or terminated	High

**Note:**  $V_{ID} = (IN+ - IN-)$ ,  $V_{OD} = (OUT+ - OUT-)$   
 High =  $450mV \geq V_{OD} \geq 250mV$   
 Low =  $-250mV \geq V_{OD} \geq -450mV$

### Detailed Description

The LVDS interface standard is a signaling method intended for point-to-point communication over a controlled-impedance medium, as defined by the ANSI/TIA/EIA-644 and IEEE 1596.3 standards. The LVDS standard uses a lower voltage swing than other common communication standards, achieving higher data rates with reduced power consumption while reducing EMI emissions and system susceptibility to noise.

The MAX9180 is a 400Mbps LVDS repeater intended for high-speed, point-to-point, low-power applications. The MAX9180 accepts an LVDS input and reproduces an LVDS signal at the output. This device is capable of detecting differential signals as low as 50mV and as high as 1.2V within a 0 to 2.4V input voltage range. The LVDS standard specifies an input voltage range of 0 to 2.4V referenced to ground.

### Fail-Safe

Fail-safe is a feature that puts the output in a known logic state (differential high) under certain fault conditions. The MAX9180 outputs are differential high when the inputs are undriven and open, terminated, or shorted (Table 1).

# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

## Applications Information

### Supply Bypassing

Bypass VCC with a high-frequency surface-mount ceramic 0.01 $\mu$ F capacitor as close to the device as possible.

### Differential Traces

Input and output trace characteristics affect the performance of the MAX9180. Use controlled-impedance differential traces. Ensure that noise couples as common mode by running the traces within a differential pair close together.

Maintain the distance within a differential pair to avoid discontinuities in differential impedance. Avoid 90° turns and minimize the number of vias to further prevent impedance discontinuities.

### Cables and Connectors

The LVDS standards define signal levels for interconnect with a differential characteristic impedance and termination of 100 $\Omega$ . Interconnects with a characteristic impedance and termination of 90 $\Omega$  to 132 $\Omega$  impedance are allowed, but produce different signal levels (see the *Termination* section).

Use cables and connectors that have matched differential impedance to minimize impedance discontinuities.

Avoid the use of unbalanced cables, such as ribbon or coaxial cable. Balanced cables, such as twisted pair, offer superior signal quality and tend to generate less EMI due to canceling effects. Balanced cables tend to pick up noise as common mode, which is rejected by the LVDS receiver.

### Termination

For point-to-point links, the termination resistor should be located at the LVDS receiver input and match the

differential characteristic impedance of the transmission line.

For a multidrop bus driven at one end, terminate at the other end of the bus with a resistor that matches the loaded differential characteristic impedance of the bus. For a multidrop bus driven from a point other than the end, terminate each end of the bus with a resistor that matches the loaded differential characteristic impedance of the bus. When terminating at both ends, or for a large number of drops, a BLVDS driver is needed to drive the bus to LVDS signal levels. The MAX9180 is not intended to drive double-terminated multidrop buses to LVDS levels.

The differential output voltage level depends upon the differential characteristic impedance of the interconnect and the value of the termination resistance. The MAX9180 is guaranteed to produce LVDS output levels into 100 $\Omega$ . With the typical 3.6mA output current, the MAX9180 produces an output voltage of 360mV when driving a 100 $\Omega$  transmission line terminated with a 100 $\Omega$  termination resistor (3.6mA  $\times$  100 $\Omega$  = 360mV). For typical output levels with different loads, see the Differential Output Voltage vs. Load Resistor curve in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

## Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 401

PROCESS: CMOS

# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

## Test Circuit and Timing Diagrams

MAX9180

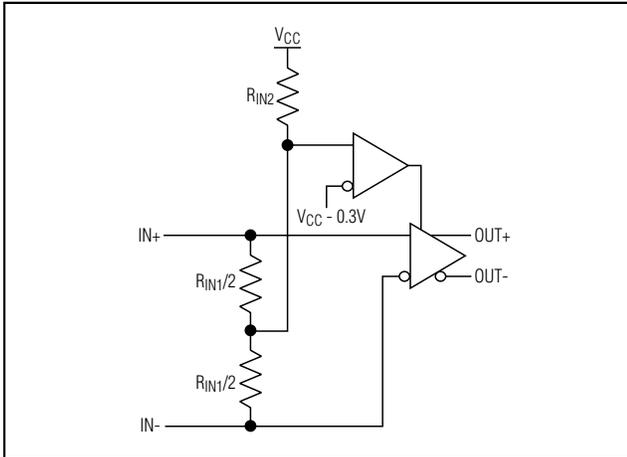


Figure 1. LVDS Fail-Safe Input

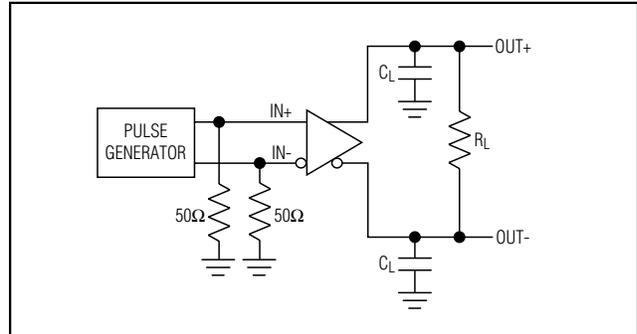


Figure 3. Transition Time and Propagation Delay Test Circuit

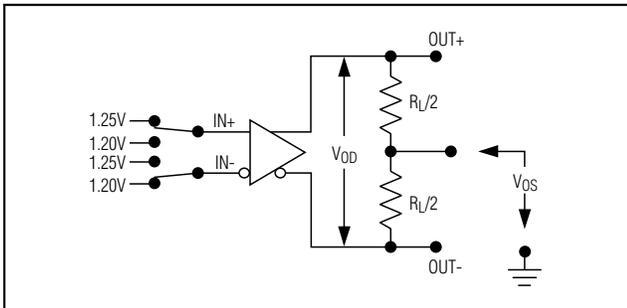


Figure 2. DC Load Test Circuit

# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

## Test Circuit and Timing Diagrams (continued)

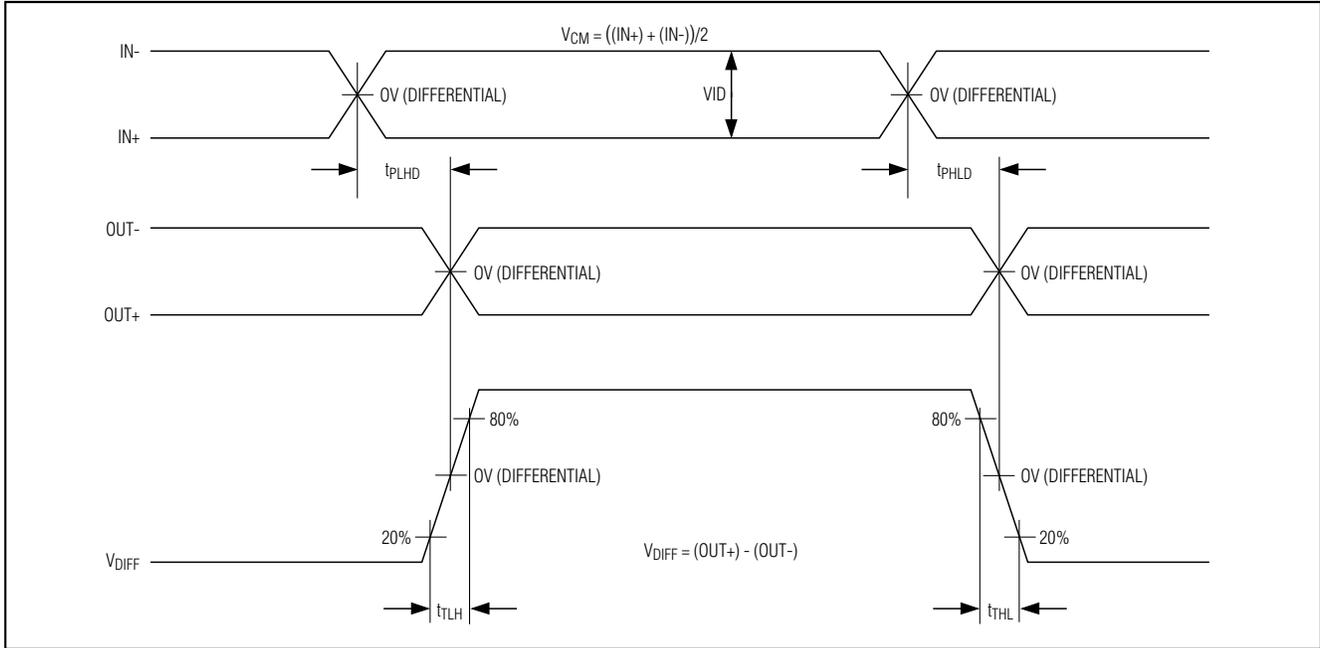
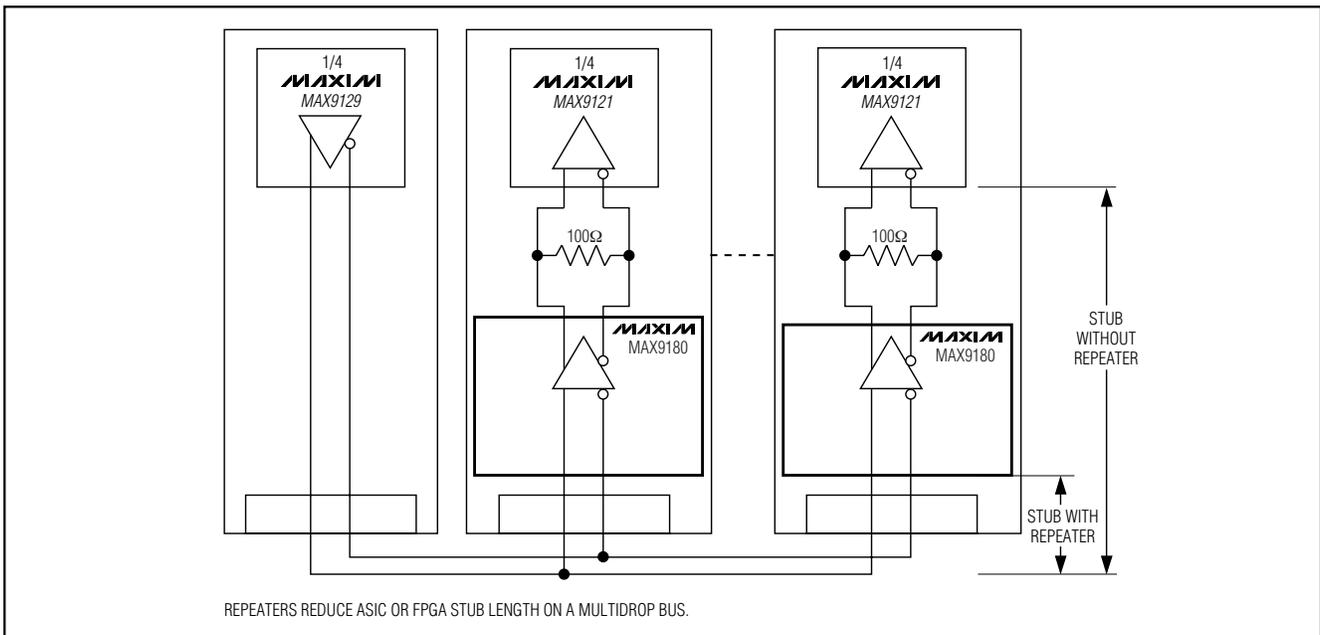


Figure 4. Transition Time and Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

## Typical Operating Circuit

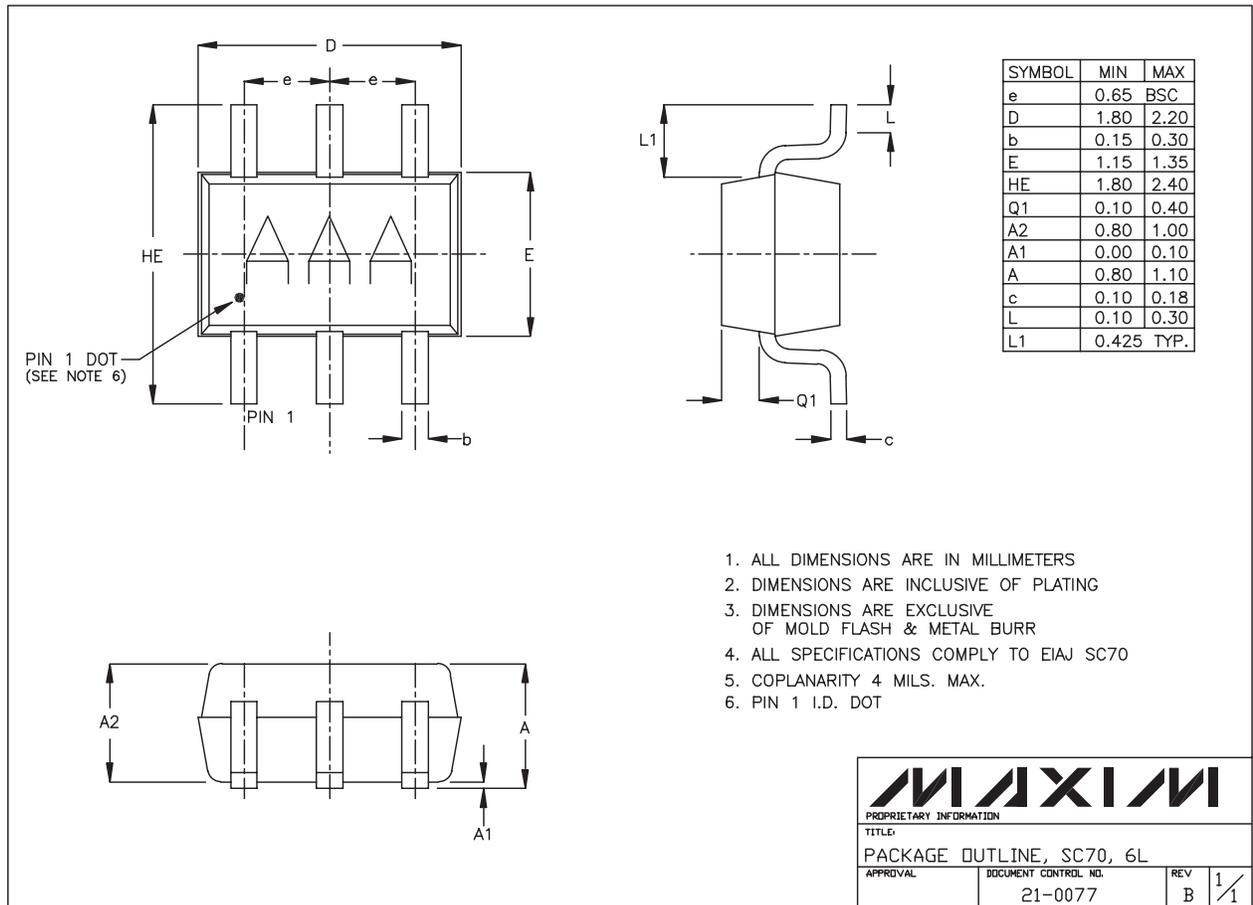


# 400Mbps, Low-Jitter, Low-Noise LVDS Repeater in an SC70 Package

## Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)

**MAX9180**



SC70, 6L EFP

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